PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Prosper Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Collin</u> County	O43-912 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached an reviewed and (check one)approved _		
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school	district on the 14th	day of <u>December</u> , 2020.
		of Doord President
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature	of Board President
Signature of Board Secretary If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the audi (attach list as necessary)		

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information and Other Information

Independent Auditor's Report

Prosper Independent School District 605 East 7th Street Prosper, Texas 75078

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prosper Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prosper Independent School District as of August 31, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6-10 and the Schedules contained in Exhibits G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4, & G-5 on pages 49-55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical

context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Prosper Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds contained in Exhibits H-1 & H-2 on pages 58-65, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on page 81, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Schedule of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1, J-2, & J-3. This information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements and, in our opinion are fairly stated in all materials respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standard

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2020 on our consideration of Prosper Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Prosper Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Margan, Daving a Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

December 4, 2020

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the administrators of Prosper Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Basic Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position increased by \$842,826 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District's liabilities exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$(2,210,226) which represents the District's total combined net position. Of this amount, \$34,101,587 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations, and \$(53,159,555) represents a negative equity in investment in capital assets net of related debt.
- As of August 31, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$189,019,480 compared to \$220,579,955 for the last fiscal year. Included in this fiscal year fund balance is \$56,974,742 of unspend bond proceeds held in the Bond Construction Funds. The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$114,241,638 this fiscal year compared to \$99,462,230 the last fiscal year.
- The District's total tax rate for the 2019-2020 school year was \$ 1.56835 with \$ 1.06835 for maintenance & operation and \$ 0.50000 for debt service.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 14) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 26) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by T.E.A. The section labeled Required Texas Education Agency Schedules contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 12. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities of from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one kind of activity:

Governmental activities—All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant fundsnot the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received
under the ESSA Title I Part A from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes
many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The District's two kinds of fundsgovernmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds (a category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 25. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District is presenting government-wide financial analysis in the form of current year data and prior year data and the changes in these accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$(3,053,052) last year to \$(2,210,226) at August 31, 2020. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased from \$34,919,432 last year to \$34,101,587 at August 31, 2020.

Changes in net position of the District's governmental activities were a \$13,652,171 increase last year compared to a \$842,826 increase at August 31, 2020.

Table I
Prosper Independent School District
NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 8/31/2020	Governmental Activities 8/31/2019	Net Change
Current and other assets	\$227,134,596	\$247,862,197	(\$20,727,601)
Capital assets	901,296,265	717,631,508	183,664,757
Total assets	\$1,128,430,861	\$965,493,705	\$162,937,156
Deferred Outflows	\$47,913,123	\$26,416,637	\$21,496,486
Current and other liabilities	\$38,499,601	\$27,104,129	\$11,395,472
Long-term liabilities	1,033,557,541	891,829,243	141,728,298
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	39,059,118	29,064,502	9,994,616
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	42,630,943	34,471,991	8,158,952
Total liabilities	\$1,153,747,203	\$982,469,865	\$171,277,338
Deferred Inflows	\$24,807,007	\$12,493,529	\$12,313,478
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(\$53,159,555)	(\$54,349,232)	\$1,189,677
Restricted	16,847,742	16,376,748	470,994
Unrestricted	34,101,587	34,919,432	(817,845)
Total Net Position	(\$2,210,226)	(\$3,053,052)	\$842,826

Table II
Prosper Independent School District
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

·	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	Net Change
	Yr Ended 8/31/2020	Yr Ended 8/31/2019	
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$10,018,869	\$10,308,375	(\$289,506)
Operating grants and contributions	15,252,208	10,906,738	4,345,470
General Revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	103,571,705	95,925,447	7,646,258
Debt service taxes	48,471,314	40,993,548	7,477,766
State aid - formula grants	44,158,278	31,920,912	12,237,366
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific functions	4,222,465	2,218,205	2,004,260
Investment Earnings	2,814,594	6,179,823	(3,365,229)
Miscellaneous	4,635,351	3,285,712	1,349,639
Total Revenue	\$233,144,784	\$201,738,760	\$31,406,024
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$129,702,532	\$101,075,927	\$28,626,605
Instructional and school leadership	11,123,610	8,276,047	2,847,563
Student support services	14,126,528	11,717,517	2,409,011
Child nutrition	5,712,885	5,562,831	150,054
Co curricular activities	6,938,051	5,913,613	1,024,438
General administration	4,945,478	3,468,066	1,477,412
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	21,415,564	17,052,041	4,363,523
Community services	3,906	10,035	(6,129)
Debt services	37,333,563	32,122,409	5,211,154
Other intergovernmental charges	999,841	2,888,103	(1,888,262)
Total Expenses	\$232,301,958	\$188,086,589	\$44,215,369
increase in net position before transfers and special items	\$842,826	\$13,652,171	(\$12,809,345)
Transfers	0	0	0
Special Items	0	0	0
Net Position at Beginning of Fiscal Year	(3,053,052)	(16,705,223)	13,652,171
Net Position at End of Fiscal Year	(\$2,210,226)	(\$3,053,052)	\$842,826

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in Exhibit C-3 on page 18) reported a combined fund balance of \$189,019,480, compared to \$220,579,955 for the last fiscal year. The District's General Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$14,779,408, ending the year with \$114,241,638. The District's Special Revenue Funds reported a fund balance decrease of \$176,318, ending the year with \$1,889,762. The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$809,614, ending the year with \$14,918,267. The District's Capital Projects Funds reported a combined fund balance decrease of \$46,973,179, ending the year with \$58,146,131.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2019) and amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District invested \$205,791,736 in capital assets, consisting of land purchased, construction in progress, miscellaneous facility improvements, technology, furnishings, equipment, and vehicles.

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Land	\$82,926,659	\$15,205,168	\$0	\$98,131,827
Buildings & Improvements	347,809,491	182,268,209	0	530,077,700
Equipment	68,308,200	28,838,159	0	97,146,359
Vehicles	17,784,232	2,636,545	0	20,420,777
Consruction in Progress	320,873,676	(23,156,345)	0	297,717,331
Totals at Historical Cost	837,702,258	205,791,736	0	1,043,493,994
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(79,230,090)	(13,028,156)	0	(92,258,246)
Equipment	(30,015,170)	(7,557,260)	0	(37,572,430)
Vehicles	(10,825,490)	(1,541,563)	0	(12,367,053)
Total accumulated depreciation	(120,070,750)	(22,126,979)	0	(142,197,729)
Capital Assets, Net	\$717,631,508	\$183,664,757	\$0	\$901,296,265

Debt:

At year-end August 31, 2020, the District had \$1,028,032,541 outstanding in bonds compared to \$885,694,242 last year. Also, the District had \$5,525,000 outstanding in loans compared to \$6,135,000 last year. During the current fiscal year, the District issued Series 2019A, 2019B, and 2020 bonds in the total amount of \$139,755,000 to finance facilities construction and furnishings. The new bonds are payable over the next 30 years at 2.00-5.00% interest.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2021 budget, and tax rates. Several of those factors were the economy, the District's population growth, and unemployment. These factors were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2021. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$48,716,638. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2021 budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Prosper Independent School District, 605 East 7th Street, Prosper, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		Primary Governmen
Contro	ol	Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSE	TIS	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 57,797,612
1120	Current Investments	153,368,876
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	830,771
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(3,434)
1240	Due from Other Governments	13,935,278
1290	Other Receivables, Net	830,764
1300	Inventories	131,319
1410	Prep ay ments	243,410
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	98,131,827
1520	Buildings, Net	437,819,454
530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	59,573,929
1540	Vehicles, Net	8,053,724
1580	Construction in Progress	297,717,331
1000	Total Assets	1,128,430,861
	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	26,855,654
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	21,057,469
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	47,913,123
LIAB	ILITIES	
2110	Accounts Payable	20,598,372
2140	-	1,585,354
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	1,066,751
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	9,790,427
2180	Due to Other Governments	3,342,768
2200	Accrued Expenses	227,192
2300	Unearned Revenue	1,888,737
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year	15,598,228
2502	Due in More Than One Year	1,017,959,313
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	39,059,118
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	42,630,943
2000	Total Liabilities	1,153,747,203
Defe	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	6,364,228
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	18,442,779
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	24,807,007
NET I	POSITION	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	(53,159,555)
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	55,851
3850		15,134,298
3870	Restricted for Campus Activities	1,657,593
3900	Unrestricted	34,101,587
3000	Total Net Position	\$ (2,210,226)

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program R	evenues		Changes in Net Position
Data Control Codes		1		3 Charges for	4 Operating Grants and	_	6 Primary Gov. Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	121,697,224	\$	2,491,548	\$ 11,127,641	\$	(108,078,035)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,434,592		-	160,791		(2,273,801)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Developme	ent	5,570,716		-	229,925		(5,340,791)
21 Instructional Leadership		1,543,079		-	83,287		(1,459,792)
23 School Leadership		9,580,531		•	653,579		(8,926,952)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Service	es	3,302,307		-	213,456		(3,088,851)
33 Health Services		1,592,929		-	86,393		(1,506,536)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		9,231,292			529,727		(8,701,565)
35 Food Services		5,712,885		3,884,125	538,051		(1,290,709)
36 Extracurricular Activities		6,938,051		2,910,032	203,998		(3,824,021)
41 General Administration		4,945,478		-	256,795		(4,688,683)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		13,799,015		733,164	400,093		(12,665,758)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		2,476,814		-	188,741		(2,288,073)
53 Data Processing Services		5,139,735		-	347,566		(4,792,169)
61 Community Services		3,906			-		(3,906)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		36,266,732		-	_		(36,266,732)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		1,066,831		-	-		(1,066,831)
81 Capital Outlay				-	232,165		232,165
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		999,841		-	-		(999,841)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	232,301,958	\$	10,018,869	\$ 15,252,208	_	(207,030,881)
Data	=	202,001,000	=	10,010,000		-	(201,000,001)
Control Ger	neral Rever Taxes:	nues:					
MT	Proper	ty Taxes, Lev	ied	for General Pur	poses		103,571,705
DT				for Debt Service			48,471,314
SF		- Formula Gran					44,158,278
GC		d Contribution		ot Restricted			4,222,465
IE	Investmen						2,814,594
MI			d Ir	termediate Rev	enue		4,635,351
TR 7	Total Gener	al Revenues					207,873,707
CN		Change in	Net	Position			842,826
NB Ne	et Position	- Beginning					(3,053,052)
NE Ne	et Position	- Ending				\$	(2,210,226)

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data			10		50		60
Contro	bl .		General	D	ebt Service		Bond
Codes			Fund		Fund		Construction
AS	SETS						
1110	1	\$	54,419,188	\$	50,956	\$	(28,475)
1120	Investments - Current		65,059,622		14,841,304		56,319,197
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		569,459		261,312		-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(2,354)		(1,080)		
1240	Due from Other Governments		11,915,969		31,848		108,958
1260	Due from Other Funds		750		-		232,165
1290	Other Receivables		2,000		-		-
1300	Inventories		-		-		
1410	Prepayments		243,410		-		•
1000	Total Assets	\$	132,208,044	\$	15,184,340	\$	56,631,845
	ABILITIES						
	Accounts Payable	\$	890,223	\$	-	\$	6,464,689
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		1,066,751		-		-
	Accrued Wages Payable		9,574,880		====		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		1,126,016		750		2,564
2180	Due to Other Governments		3,337,677		5,091		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		203,730		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,301,998	_	47,724		
2000	Total Liabilities		17,501,275		53,565		6,467,253
DE	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	100	465,131		212,508		
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		465,131		212,508		-
FU	ND BALANCES						
	Restricted Fund Balance:						
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		-		-		50,164,592
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		14,918,267		-
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-
	Committed Fund Balance:		50 000 000				
3510	Construction		50,000,000		-		-
3525	Retirement of Loans or Notes Payable		5,525,000		-		-
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		10,000,000		-		-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	_	48,716,638		-	_	*
3000	Total Fund Balances		114,241,638		14,918,267	_	50,164,592
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	132,208,044	•	15,184,340	2	56,631,845

	60 Bond Const 2019		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	813,599	•	2,520,128	•	57,775,396
Φ	17,148,753	Φ	2,320,126	Φ	153,368,876
	17,140,755		_		830,771
			_		(3,434)
	-		1,878,503		13,935,278
			1,0,0,000		232,915
	828,764		· _		830,764
	-		131,319		131,319
	-		-		243,410
\$	18,791,116	\$	4,529,950	\$	227,345,295
\$	11 090 066	•	634 028	•	19,970,806
Þ	11,980,966	D	634,928	Ф	1,066,751
	_		215,547		9,790,427
	_		232,165		1,361,495
	_		232,103		3,342,768
			23,462		227,192
			539,015		1,888,737
	11,980,966	_	1,645,117	_	37,648,176
			_		677,639
		_		_	677,639
			55,851		55,851
	6,810,150				56,974,742
	-		-		14,918,267
	-		1,657,593		1,657,593
	-		1,171,389		51,171,389
	-				5,525,000
	-		-		10,000,000
	-	_	·-		48,716,638
	6,810,150		2,884,833	_	189,019,480
\$	18,791,116	\$	4,529,950	\$	227,345,295

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PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 189,019,480
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase(decrease) net position.	523,230
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$837,702,258, and the accumulated depreciation was \$120,070,750. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$885,694,243, and loans payable of \$6,135,000, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$1,484,846 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), and long-term debt in the governmental activities, is to increase (decrease) net position.	(175,682,581)
3 Current year capital outlays of \$205,791,736, and long-term debt principal payments of \$11,485,652 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds of \$367,091, amortization of bond premiums of \$3,151,782, and interest payable of \$100,508 are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	220,695,753
4 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$677,639 as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net bond proceeds of \$156,732,823, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	(156,055,184)
5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(22,126,979)
6 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$39,059,118, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$6,364,228, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$26,855,654. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	(18,567,692)
7 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$42,630,943, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$18,442,779, a deferred resource outflow in the amount of of \$21,057,469. The net effect of including the net OPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	(40,016,253)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,210,226)

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contr		10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Bond Construction
	REVENUES:			
5700 5800 5900	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$ 111,541,783 51,730,715 1,403,279	\$ 50,100,940 247,001	\$ 462,919 - -
5020	Total Revenues	164,675,777	50,347,941	462,919
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Current:			
0011	Instruction	95,799,456		-
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	2,049,705	-	-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	4,652,181	-	-
0021	Instructional Leadership	1,192,104	-	-
0023	School Leadership	7,678,049	-	
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	2,599,115	-	-
0033	Health Services	1,241,954	-	-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	6,382,949		
0035	Food Services	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular Activities	3,888,322	_	-
0041	General Administration	4,037,671	-	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	12,222,303	-	-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	2,091,927		
0053	Data Processing Services	4,207,561		-
0061	Community Services Debt Service:	3,906	-	•
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	610,000	10,875,552	
0071	Interest on Long-Term Debt	189,325	39,495,872	
0072	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	107,323	1,066,831	
0073		-	1,000,051	_
0081	Capital Outlay: Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	100,859,655
	Intergovernmental:	000 041		
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	999,841		
6030	Total Expenditures	149,846,369	51,438,255	100,859,655
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	14,829,408	(1,090,314)	(100,396,736)
7911	Capital Related Debt Issued		166,257	139,754,930
7915	Transfers In	-	-	-
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	1,733,671	15,245,070
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	(50,000)	-	(4,438,672)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(50,000)	1,899,928	150,561,328
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	14,779,408	809,614	50,164,592
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	99,462,230	14,108,653	•
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 114,241,638	\$ 14,918,267	\$ 50,164,592

F	60 Bond Const 2019	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	1,404,109 S	\$ 6,420,973 \$ 2,183,026 2,403,375	169,930,724 54,160,742 3,806,654
	1,404,109	11,007,374	227,898,120
	-	3,806,696	99,606,152
	-	-	2,049,705
	-	9,489	4,661,670
	-	-	1,192,104
		_	7,678,049
	-		2,599,115
	_		1,241,954
	-		6,382,949
	-	5,134,625	5,134,625
	_	1,936,067	5,824,389
	_	-	4,037,671
	-	_	12,222,303
			2,091,927
			4,207,561
	-	•	3,906
	-	-	11,485,552
	-	-	39,685,197
	•	• .	1,066,831
	99,005,749	4,321,618	204,187,022
	-		999,841
	99,005,749	15,208,495	416,358,523
	(97,601,640)	(4,201,121)	(188,460,403
	6,643,899	50,000	139,921,187 6,693,899
	-	-	16,978,741
	•	(2,205,227)	(6,693,899
	6,643,899	(2,155,227)	156,899,928
	(90,957,741)	(6,356,348)	(31,560,475
	97,767,891	9,241,181	220,579,955
\$	6,810,150	\$ 2,884,833 \$	189,019,480

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EXHIBIT C-4

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(31,560,475)
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service for are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	unds	123,906
Current year capital outlays of \$205,791,736, and long-term debt principal payments of \$11,4 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in cap assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretic capital appreciation bonds of \$367,091, amortization of bond premiums of \$3,151,782, and in payable of \$100,508 are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease position.	pital on on iterest of	220,695,753
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified actions of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable reverence property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$585,996 to show the revenue armed from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net be proceeds of \$156,732,823 and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease position.	venue nue ond debt	(157,318,819)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease a position.		(22,126,979)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$4,650,792, but al increased expenses in the amount of \$11,204,601. The impact of these items is to increase (de the change in net position.		(6,553,809)
Current year changes due to GASB 75 increased revenues in the amount of \$1,014,763, but al increased expenses in the amount of \$3,431,514. The impact of these items is to increase (dec the change in net position.		(2,416,751)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	842,826

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -	
	Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,216	
Due from Other Funds	1,128,580	
Total Assets	1,150,796	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	627,566	
Total Liabilities	627,566	
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Net Position	523,230	
Total Net Position	\$ 523,230	

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -	
		nternal vice Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	602,577
Total Operating Revenues		602,577
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Other Operating Costs		478,671
Total Operating Expenses		478,671
Operating Income		123,906
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)		399,324
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$	523,230

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	\$ 350,926 (340,018)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	10,908
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,908
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	11,308
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 22,216
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income:	\$ 123,906
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	(251,651) 138,653
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 10,908

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 65,737
Total Assets	\$ 65,737
LIABILITIES	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 65,737
Total Liabilities	\$ 65,737

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Prosper Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 76, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Prosper Independent School District applies Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. For investment pools, the District's investments are accounted for using the cost amortization method.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Prosper Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets. All interfund transactions between governmental funds and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories -governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

Agency Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus as they report only assets and liabilities.

D. Fund Accounting

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial
resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

- 2. **Debt Service Fund** The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.
- Bond Construction Fund The District accounts for bond financial resources to be used for the acquisition, renovation, or construction of major capital projects.
- Bond Construction 2019 The District accounts for 2019 bond financial resources to be used for the acquisition, renovation, or construction of major capital projects.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

5. Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Proprietary Funds:

6. Internal Service Funds – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's Internal Service Fund is the Workers Comp Self Insurance Fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The
District's Agency Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

E. Encumbrance Accounting

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

F. Other Accounting Policies

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. The District reports inventories of supplies at weighted average cost including consumable maintenance, instructional, office, athletic, and transportation items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and unearned revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and unearned revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.
- 3. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

- 4. It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the district. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- 5. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classification	Useful Life
Buildings	15-50 years
Building Improvements	15-50 years
Vehicles & Buses	5-10 years
Equipment	5-7 years

- 6. Since Internal Service Funds support the operations of governmental funds, they are consolidated with the governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements. The expenditures of governmental funds that create the revenues of internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "grossing up" the revenues and expenses of the District as a whole.
- 7. Net position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position includes the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> reports the difference between capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent bond proceeds that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those capital assets.

Restricted for Federal and State Grant Programs is the component of net position restricted to be spent for specific purposes prescribed by federal and state granting agencies.

<u>Restricted for Debt Service</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for payment of debt service by constraints established by bond covenants.

Restricted for Campus Activities is the component of net position that is restricted for campus activities.

Restricted for Scholarships is the component of net position that is restricted for scholarships.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that is not invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purpose.

Fund balances on the governmental funds' Balance Sheet include the following:

Non-spendable fund balance is the portion of the gross fund balance that is not expendable because it is either not in spendable form or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by the provider (such as grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects bond funds are restricted by the bondholders for the specific purpose of capital projects and capital outlays. Federal & State grant resources are restricted pursuant to the mandates of the granting agency.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> is that portion of fund balance that is committed to a specific purpose by the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by Board action. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the constraint by exercising the same type of action originally used to commit the funds.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the difference between the total fund balance and the total of the non-spendable, restrict, and committed fund balances and can be utilized for any legal purpose. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

- 8. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first from committed funds, then unassigned funds, as need, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise it its commitment actions.
- 9. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Certain deferred charges related to TRS pension and other post- employment benefits are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide statement of net position.
- 10. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Certain deferred charges related to TRS pension and other post-employment benefits are reported as deferred inflows on the government-wide statement of net position.
- 11. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE & ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- Prior to August 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July
 The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.
- Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A

reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget & non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service \$55,851

Nonappropriated Budget Funds-Campus Activity Funds 1,657,593

All Special Revenue Funds \$1,713,444

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS & ACCOUNT GROUPS

Note A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds must be deposited under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts) was \$36,685,876 in the depository bank, \$21,111,736 in a nondepository bank, \$59,894,611 in Texpool investment accounts, \$73,467,950 in Lone Star investment accounts, and \$20,006,316 in Texas FIT investment accounts. At August 31, 2020 and during the year then ended, the District's combined deposits were fully insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities held by the District's agent bank in the District's name, or by letters of credit.

Depository information required to be reported to the Texas Education Agency is as follows:

- a. Depository: Farmers Bank & Trust, Prosper, Texas
- b. The highest combined balance of cash, savings, and time deposits accounts amounted to \$50,566,558, and occurred during the month of January 2020.
- c. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$54,454,019.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$302,097.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the below hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31, 2020:

Cash & Cash Equivalents of \$57,797,612 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
Investments in Texpool accounts of \$59,894,611 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
Investments in Lone Star accounts of \$73,467,950 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
Investments in Texas FIT accounts of \$20,006,316 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

The District has no investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share or its equivalent.

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (PFIA) (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy, which must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and certain other investments. The investments owned at fiscal year-end are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

In compliance with the PFIA, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy, which address the following risks:

<u>Credit Risk</u> is the risk that a security issuer may default on an interest or principal payment. The District controls and monitors this risk by purchasing quality rated instruments that have been evaluated by nationally recognized agencies such as Standards and Poor's (S&P) or Moody's Investor Service.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover its deposits, value of its investments, or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The PFIA, the District's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments. The District's funds are deposited and invested under terms of a depository contract with amounts greater that the FDIC coverage protected by approved pledged securities held on behalf of the District.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> is the risk associated with holding investments that are not pools and full faith credit securities. These risks are controlled by limiting the percentages if these investments in the District's portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that interest rates will rise and an investment in a fixed-income security will decrease in value. Interest rate risk is reduced by diversifying, investing in securities with different durations, and laddering maturity dates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> is the potential for loss due to fluctuations in exchange rates. The District's policy does not allow for any direct foreign investments, and therefore the District is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Note B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

The assessed value of the roll as of the end of the fiscal year was \$9,694,457,179. The tax rates levied for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.06835 and \$0.50000 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.56835 per \$100 valuation. Current year tax collections for the period ended August 31, 2020, were 102.16% of the levy and 100.45% in the prior year.

Note C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note D. RECEIVABLES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Available School Fund.

Receivables due from other governments as of August 31, 2020 are as follows:

Fund	State Grants	Federal Grants	Other Governments	Totals
General Fund	\$11,847,871	\$0	\$68,098	\$11,915,969
Special Revenue Funds	365,912	413,415	, 0	779,327
Debt Service Funds	0	0	31,848	31,848
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	1,208,134	1,208,134
Totals	\$12,213,783	\$413,415	\$1,308,080	\$13,935,278

Note E. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following individual receivables & payables:

Due to General Fund from:	
Debt Service Fund	\$750
Total Due to General Fund from Other Funds	\$750
Due to Bond Construction Fund from:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$232,165
Total Due to Bond Construction Fund from Other Funds	\$232,165
Due to Internal Service Fund from:	
General Fund	\$1,126,016
Bond Construction Fund	2,564
Total Due to Internal Service Fund from Other Funds	\$1,128,580

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2020, consisted of the following individual amounts:

Transfers to Non-Major Governmental Funds from:	
General Fund	\$50,000
Total Transfered to Non-Major Funds from Other Funds	\$50,000
Transfers to 2019 Bond Construction Fund from:	
Bond Construction Fund	\$4,438,672
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,205,227
Total Transfered to 2019 Bond Construction from Other Funds	\$6,643,899

Note F. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Land	\$82,926,659	\$15,205,168	\$0	\$98,131,827
Buildings & Improvements	347,809,491	182,268,209	0	530,077,700
Equipment	68,308,200	28,838,159	0	97,146,359
Vehicles	17,784,232	2,636,545	0	20,420,777
Consruction in Progress	320,873,676	(23, 156, 345)	0	297,717,331
Totals at Historical Cost	837,702,258	205,791,736	0	1,043,493,994
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(79,230,090)	(13,028,156)	0	(92,258,246)
Equipment	(30,015,170)	(7,557,260)	0	(37,572,430)
Vehicles	(10,825,490)	(1,541,563)	0	(12,367,053)
Total accumulated depreciation	(120,070,750)	(22,126,979)	0	(142,197,729)
Capital Assets, Net	\$717,631,508	\$183,664,757	\$0	\$901,296,265

Depreciation expense for the current year was charged to governmental functions as follows:

- opinion in position and in the contract of the govern		
11 Instruction	\$12,762,960	
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	205,854	
13 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	617,562	
21 Instructional Leadership	205,854	
23 School Leadership	1,029,271	
31 Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	411,708	
33 Health Services	205,854	
34 Student (Pupil) Transporation	2,364,980	
35 Food Services	617,562	
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	823,417	
41 General Administration	617,562	
51 Plant Maintenance & Operations	1,440,979	
52 Security & Monitoring Services	205,854	
53 Data Processing Services	617,562	
Total Depreciation Expense	\$22,126,979	

Note G. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$784,243,637	\$139,755,000	(\$10,875,652)	\$913,122,985	\$14,973,228
Accumulated Accretion on CABs	7,427,281	768,791	(1,135,882)	7,060,190	
Unamortized Bond Premiums on CABs	5,790,117	0	(993,467)	4,796,650	
Unamortized Bond Premiums on GOBs	88,233,208	16,977,823	(2,158,315)	103,052,716	_
Toal Bonds Payable, Government-Wide	\$885,694,243	\$157,501,614	(\$15,163,316)	\$1,028,032,541	
Loans	6,135,000	0	(610,000)	5,525,000	625,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$891,829,243	\$157,501,614	(\$15,773,316)	\$1,033,557,541	\$15,598,228

Bonds

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2020.

A summary of changes in bonds for the year ended August 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amounts of	Interest Current	Beginning Amounts Outstanding			Ending Amounts Outstanding
Description	Payable	Original Issue	Year	9/01/19	Issued	Retired	8/31/20
Capital Appreciation Bonds-							
Series 2002	5.13-5.72%	\$943,041	\$1,401,983	\$367,878	\$0	(\$68,017)	\$299,861
Capital Appreciation Bonds-							
Series 2011	3.00-3.38%	96,165	727,365	96,165	0	(42,635)	53,530
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds-							
Series 2012	2.00-3.00%	6,615,000	130,450	4,920,000	0	(325,000)	4,595,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds-							
Series 2012	2.75-2.85%	1,799,594	0	1,799,594	0	0	1,799,594
Unitd Tax Bldg & Refunding							
Bonds-Series 2014	2.00-4.00%	32,180,000	1,160,113	29,705,000	0	(755,000)	28,950,000
Unitd Tax Refunding Bonds-							
Series 2014	3.50-5.00%	43,480,000	1,974,050	43,480,000	0	0	43,480,000
Unitd Tax Refunding Bonds-							
Series 2015	2.00-5.00%	158,565,000	6,262,050	149,635,000	0	(3,830,000)	145,805,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds-Series							
2016	2.00-5.00%	68,465,000	2,848,300	65,985,000	0	(1,235,000)	64,750,000
Unitd Tax Refunding Bonds-							
Series 2016	2.00-5.00%	16,910,000	524,925	15,945,000	0	(320,000)	15,625,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds-Series							
2017	2.00-5.00%	112,350,000	5,319,350	112,005,000	0	(955,000)	111,050,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds-Series							
2018	3.00-5.00%	177,015,000	8,517,100	177,015,000	0	(110,000)	176,905,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds-Series							
2019	3.00-5.00%	176,455,000	8,221,100	176,455,000	0	(2,780,000)	173,675,000
Unitd Tax Refunding Bonds-							
Series 2019	3.00-5.00%	6,900,000	309,250	6,835,000	0	0	6,835,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds-Series							
2019A	4.00-5.00%	45,015,000	1,424,837	0	45,015,000	(455,000)	44,560,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds-Series							
2019B	2.00%	50,000,000	675,000	0	50,000,000		50,000,000
Unitd Tax Building Bonds-Series							
2020	4.00-5.00%	44,740,000	0	0	44,740,000	. 0	44,740,000
Total General Obligation Bonds			\$39,495,873	\$784,243,637	\$139,755,000	(\$10,875,652)	\$913,122,985
Accumulated Accretion on CABs				7,427,281	768,791	(1,135,882)	7,060,190
Unamortized Bond Premiums on CABs				5,790,117	0	(993,467)	4,796,650
Unamortized Bond Premiums on				3,790,117	U	(373,407)	7,750,030
GOBs				88,233,208	16,977,823	(2,158,315)	103,052,716
Total Bonds Payable,				0000 (010)		(018 1/2 21)	61 626 622 544
Government-Wide Financials				\$885,694,243	\$157,501,614	(\$15,163,316)	\$1,028,032,541

Debt service requirements for bonds are as follows:

	Bonds		
Year Ending August 31.	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2021	\$14,973,228	\$41,632,610	\$56,605,838
2022	16,261,026	41,072,387	57,333,413
2023	17,603,898	39,718,364	57,322,262
2024	18,452,272	38,864,016	57,316,288
2025	19,356,541	37,950,296	57,306,837
2026-2030	112,572,978	173,950,238	286,523,216
2031-2035	146,018,042	140,504,717	286,522,759
2036-2040	181,880,000	104,643,156	286,523,156
2041-2045	217,960,000	59,033,988	276,993,988
2046-Maturity	168,045,000	12,848,400	180,893,400
Total Bonds	\$913,122,985	\$690,218,172	\$1,603,341,157

Loans

A summary of changes in loans for the year ended August 31, 2020 is as follows:

Date of Issue/ Maturity	Purpose/Lawful Authority	Fund Payable From/Interest Rate	Current Year Interest	Beginning Balance	Amount Issued	Amount Retired	Ending Balance
09/13-08/28	Maintenance Tax/ TEC 45.108	General/2.00-3.50%	\$189,325	\$6,135,000	\$0	(\$610,000)	\$5,525,000
Totals			\$189,325	\$6,135,000	\$0	(\$610,000)	\$5,525,000

Debt service requirements for loans are as follows:

	Loans		
Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2021	\$625,000	\$174,075	\$799,075
2022	640,000	158,450	798,450
2023	655,000	142,450	797,450
2024	675,000	122,800	797,800
2025	695,000	102,550	797,550
2026-Maturity	2,235,000	158,200	2,393,200
Totals	\$5,525,000	\$858,525	\$6,383,525

Note H. DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

As of August 31, 2020, the District owed \$3,337,677 for 2019-2020 state foundation revenue settle-up with the Texas Education Agency. The District also owed \$5,101 for 2019-2020 existing debt allotment revenue settle-up with TEA. The Texas Education Agency will deduct these amounts from the District's 2020-2021 state revenues.

Note I. UNEARNED REVENUE & UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unearned revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end. Unavailable revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is not expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end.

Unearned revenue and Unavailable revenue at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue		
	General Fund	Fund	Debt Service Fund	Totals
Unearned Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$101,974	\$0	\$47,724	\$149,698
Mustang Lake Revenue	1,200,024	0	0	1,200,024
Local Breakfast & Lunch Revenue	0	435,211	0	435,211
Special Ed Fiscal Support Revenue	0	103,804	0	103,804
Total Unearned Revenue	\$1,301,998	\$539,015	\$47,724	\$1,888,737
Unavailable Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$465,131	\$0	\$212,508	\$677,639
Total Unavailable Revenue	\$465,131	\$0	\$212,508	\$677,639

Note J. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Totals
Property Taxes	\$105,887,417	\$0	\$49,444,916	\$0	\$155,332,333
Penalties, Interest, & Other Tax					
Related Income	862,235	0	351,970	0	1,214,205
Investment Income	1,427,229	0	304,054	1,083,311	2,814,594
Tuition	423,325	0	0	0	423,325
Rent	733,164	0	0	0	733,164
Gifts & Bequests	550,722	0	0	0	550,722
Food Service Sales	0	3,884,125	0	0	3,884,125
Athletics	437,335	0	0	0	437,335
Co-curricular	500	2,472,198	0	0	2,472,698
Other	1,219,856	0	0	848,367	2,068,223
Totals	\$111,541,783	\$6,356,323	\$50,100,940	\$1,931,678	\$169,930,724

Note K. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the current fiscal year, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There are no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Care Coverage

The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Aetna and Caremark (pharmacy). TRS-Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. Authority for the plan can be found in the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579 and in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The plan began operations on September 1, 2002. This is a premium-based plan. Payments are made on a monthly basis for all covered employees. The District contributed \$500 per month per enrolled employee, which includes \$75 per month which is reimbursed by the State of Texas to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay the additional cost of the premiums for themselves and their dependents.

Workers Compensation Coverage

The District was self-funded for workers compensation insurance and has an interlocal agreement with Claims Administration Services, Inc. (CAS) and Workers Comp Solutions to serve as the District's third-party administrators. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the Workers Compensation Insurance Fund (the "Fund"), an internal service fund of the District. The District makes all contributions to the fund. The third-party administrators obtained excess loss insurance, which limited annual claims paid from the entire fund for the year ended August 31, 2020, to \$350,000 for any individual participant. The liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information obtained prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year Ended August 31, 2019	Year Ended August 31, 2020
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$437,944	\$488,913
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	490,053	478,671
Claim payments	(439,084)	(340,018)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$488,913	\$627,566

Litigation and Contingencies

The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of any lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and accordingly no provision for losses has been recorded.

State and Federal Programs

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies. Therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Construction Commitments

The District was obligated at August 31, 2020, under contracts for construction of various construction projects. The construction in progress for these projects totaled \$297,717,331 as of August 31, 2020, including retainage payable for these projects totaled \$13,434,517. The outstanding construction commitments associated with these projects including retainage payable totaled approximately \$46,652,094 as of August 31, 2020.

Note L. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Prosper Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by TRS provides the following information regarding components of the Net Pension Liability of the Pension plan as of August 31, 2019:

Net Pension Liability
Total Pension Liability
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position
Net Pension Liability
Net position as a percentage of total pension liability
Total
\$ 209,961,325,288
\$ 157,978,199,075
\$ 51,983,126,213

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits. State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the Legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as supplemental payment to the retirees. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above. In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. These increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound and the legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same. Senate Bill 12 in the 86th Legislature set higher contribution rates for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021. Beginning September 1, 2019, all employers are required to pay the Public Education Employer contribution of 1.5%. This "surcharge" was previously only charged to employers not participating in social security. Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2019 CAFR, Note 11, on page 76.

Contribution	Rates	
	2019	2020
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employers	6.8%	7.5%
District's 2020 FY Employer Contribution	ns	\$ 3,039,134
District's 2020 FY Member Contributions		\$ 7,759,747
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Con	ntributions	\$ 4,239,346

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (including public schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- Employers must contribute 1.5% of the member's salary ("Public Education Employer Surcharge").

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019 Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal Asset Valuation Method Market Value Single Discount Rate 7.25% Long-term Expected Rate 7.25% Municipal Bond Rate as of August, 2019 2.63% Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years) 2116 Inflation 2.30% Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation Payroll Growth Rate 3.00% Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three-year period ending August 31, 2018, and were adopted in July 2018. The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality. The post-retirement mortality rates for health lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale UMP.

Discount Rate. The single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the statutorily required rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The expected long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return (expected returns, not of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major class included in the systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Asset Class	FY 2019 Target Allocation*	New Target Allocation**	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	
Global Equity				
USA	18.00%	18.00%	6.40 %	
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	13.00%	6.30%	
Emerging Markets	9.00%	9.00%	7.30%	
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

Private Equity	13.00%	14.00%	8.40%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries****	11.00%	16.00%	3.10%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	5.00%	4.50%
Absolute Return (Including Credit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Sensitive Investments)			
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds****	3.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	14.00%	15.00%	8.50%
Energy, Natural Resources and	5.00%	6.00%	7.30%
Infrastructure			
Commodities	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00%	8.00%	5.8%/6.5%****
Asset Allocation Leverage Cash	1.00%	2.00%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage	0.0	(6.00)	2.70

Expected Return

7.23%

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the 2019 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 60,039,538	\$ 39,059,118	\$ 22,060,928

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2020, Prosper Independent School District reported a liability of \$39,059,118 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Prosper Independent School District. The amount recognized by Prosper Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Prosper Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 39,059,118
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	58,373,725
Total	\$97,432,843

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's portion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.000751380698% compared to 0.000528038168% at August 31, 2018. This was an increase of 0.000223342530%.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2019 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2018 valuation.
- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of Senate Bill 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would

^{*} FY 2019 Target Allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2018

^{**} New target allocation based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2019

^{*** 10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

^{****} New Target Allocation Groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

^{*****5.8% (6.5%)} return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the actuarial assumptions.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, Prosper Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$9,169,690 and revenue of \$9,169,690 for support provided by the State in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2020, Prosper Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of
	Outflows of	Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 164,083	\$ 1,356,195
Changes in actuarial assumptions	12,118,057	5,007,754
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	392,198	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	11,142,182	279
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be calculated by employer]	3,039,134	
Total	\$26,855,654	\$6,364,228

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount		
2021	\$ 3,834,811		
2022	3,416,923		
2023	4,141,192		
2024	3,809,684		
2025	2,127,791		
Thereafter	121,892		

Note M. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The Prosper Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

(TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retire under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2019 are as follows:

 Net OPEB Liability
 Total

 Total OPEB Liability
 \$ 48,583,247,239

 Less: plan fiduciary net position
 1,292,022,349

 Net OPEB liability
 \$ 47,291,224,890

 Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability
 2.66%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed Senate Bill 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public-school contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public-school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2019. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

2019	2020
0.65%	0.65%
1.25%	1.25%
0.75%	0.75%
1.25%	1.25%
	\$ 778,318
	\$ 655,034
	\$ 850,079
	0.65% 1.25% 0.75%

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability Incidence General Inflation Wage Inflation Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 Rolled forward to August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 2.63% as of August 31, 2019

Aging Factors Based on Plan Specific Experience

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50%

after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue

coverage at age 65.

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of

health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% - 9.05%

Ad-hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30 percent.

Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.

There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25-basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2019 TRS CAFR on page 70. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 51,469,228	\$ 42,630,943	\$ 35,716,836

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 34,776,828	\$ 42,630,943	\$ 53,151,851

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2020, Prosper Independent School District reported a liability of \$42,630,943 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with Prosper Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District Total \$ 42,630,943 <u>56,646,988</u> \$99,277,931

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.000901455678% compared to the 0.000690393738% at August 31, 2018. This is an increase of 0.000211061940%.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation — The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the Total OPEB liability (TOL).
- The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent.
 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In
 addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was
 lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, Prosper Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,492,982 and revenue of \$1,492,982 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, Prosper Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$2,091,410	\$6,976,102
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,367,816	11,466,677
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	4,600	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	15,815,325	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	778,318	
Total	\$21,057,469	\$18,442,779

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount						
2021	\$ (310,93						
2022	(310,93						
2023	(312,42						
2024	(313,27						
2025	(313,03						
Thereafter	3,396,96						

Note N. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Prosper Independent School District's employees were \$478,833, \$240,358, and \$170,354, respectively for fiscal years ended August 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

Note O. JOINT VENTURES - SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in shared services arrangements for educational service, with Education Service Center, Region X. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Prosper Independent School District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

Note P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In reviewing its financial statements, management has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date through December 4, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. On September 15, 2020, the District issued Series 2020 refunding bonds totaling \$86,485,000, to early redeem Series 2012 & Series 2014 bonds totaling \$75,184,594. The new bonds are payable over the next 30 years at 4.00-5.00% interest.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		Budgeted	oimts		GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Codes	_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final						
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	109,942,000	\$	111,942,000	\$	111,541,783	\$	(400,217
5800 State Program Revenues		41,289,000		44,916,500		51,730,715		6,814,215
5900 Federal Program Revenues		400,000		1,100,000		1,403,279		303,279
5020 Total Revenues		151,631,000		157,958,500		164,675,777		6,717,277
EXPENDITURES:	-							
Current:								
0011 Instruction		102,300,000		99,775,000		95,799,456		3,975,544
2012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,200,000		2,317,000		2,049,705		267,295
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Developmen	ıt	4,900,000		5,100,000		4,652,181		447,819
0021 Instructional Leadership		1,800,000		1,450,000		1,192,104		257,896
0023 School Leadership		7,750,000		7,985,000		7,678,049		306,951
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	5	3,206,000		2,931,000		2,599,115		331,885
0033 Health Services		1,500,000		1,450,000		1,241,954		208,046
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		6,875,000		6,853,000		6,382,949		470,051
0036 Extracurricular Activities		3,350,000		4,054,000		3,888,322		165,678
0041 General Administration		3,450,000		4,164,000		4,037,671		126,329
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		12,150,000		12,240,000		12,222,303		17,697
20052 Security and Monitoring Services		3,006,000		2,464,000		2,091,927		372,073
0052 Data Processing Services								
		3,875,000		4,692,000		4,207,561		484,439
•		18,500		18,500		3,906		14,594
Debt Service:								
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt		590,000		610,000		610,000		-
Interest on Long-Term Debt Intergovernmental:		210,000		190,000		189,325		675
a	1-							
20091 Contracted Instructional Services Between Sch	aloois	625,000		625,000				625,000
O099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	1,040,000	_	1,040,000	_	999,841		40,159
Total Expenditures	_	158,845,500		157,958,500	_	149,846,369	_	8,112,131
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(7,214,500)				14,829,408		14,829,408
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	_	•	_	(50,000)	_	(50,000)	_	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(7,214,500)		(50,000)		14,779,408		14,829,408
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	99,462,230		99,462,230	_	99,462,230	_	-
1								
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	92,247,730	\$	99,412,230	\$	114,241,638	\$	14,829,408

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	_ F	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	_F	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.000751381%		0.000528038%		0.000482534%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	39,059,118	\$	29,064,502	\$	15,428,829
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		58,373,725		51,087,882		27,192,871
Total	\$	97,432,843	\$	80,152,384	\$	42,621,700
District's Covered Payroll	\$	84,452,678	\$	62,082,957	\$	54,445,299
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		46.25%		46.81%		28.34%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	_	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	_	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
0.000416989%		0.000392781%		0.000250495%
\$ 15,757,399	\$	13,884,286	\$	6,691,068
27,928,117		23,590,050		18,462,762
\$ 43,685,516	\$	37,474,336	\$	25,153,830
\$ 45,549,126	\$	39,171,792	\$	34,639,153
34.59%		35.44%		19.32%
78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	2020			2019	 2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	3,039,134	\$	2,629,915	\$ 1,778,827
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		3,039,134		2,629,915	1,778,827
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _
District's Covered Payroll	\$	100,773,762	\$	84,452,678	\$ 62,082,957
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.02%		3.11%	2.87%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 1,882,781	\$ 1,577,437	\$ 1,379,578
1,882,781	1,577,437	1,379,578
\$ -	\$ -	\$ •
\$ 54,445,299	\$ 45,549,126	\$ 39,171,792
3.46%	3.46%	3.52%

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	_	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	I	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.000901456%		0.000690394%		0.000604263%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	42,630,943	\$	34,471,991	\$	26,277,130
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		56,646,988		56,248,818		45,136,147
Total	\$	99,277,931	\$	90,720,809	\$	71,413,277
District's Covered Payroll	\$	84,452,678	\$	62,082,957	\$	54,445,299
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		50.48%		55.53%		48.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	2020 2019					2018		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	778,318	\$	639,784	\$	476,273		
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		778,318		639,784		476,273		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	•	\$		\$			
District's Covered Payroll	\$	100,773,762	\$	84,452,678	\$	62,082,957		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.77%		0.76%		0.77%		

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the Total Pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions:

There were no changes in the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the Total Pension liability during the measurement period.

The single discount rate was a blended rate of 6.907% as of August 31, 2018 and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.

With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefits:

There were no changes of benefit terms during the measurement period that affected the Total OPEB liability.

Changes in Assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.

The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.

The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.

The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	In	211 ESSA I, A Improving Basic Program			225 IDEA Part B Preschool		240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	
ASSETS 1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1240 Due from Other Governments 1300 Inventories	\$	(16,347) 16,347 -	\$	(9,217) 248,226	\$	(8,420) 8,420	\$	941,186 14,762 131,319
1000 Total Assets	\$		\$	239,009	\$	-	\$	1,087,267
LIABILITIES 2110 Accounts Payable 2160 Accrued Wages Payable 2170 Due to Other Funds 2200 Accrued Expenditures 2300 Unearned Revenue 2000 Total Liabilities	\$	- - - - -	\$	215,547 - 23,462 - 239,009	\$	- - - - -	\$	596,205 - - - - 435,211 1,031,416
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Fund Balance: 3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction Other Restricted Fund Balance Committed Fund Balance: 3510 Construction						-		55,851
3000 Total Fund Balances		-		-		-		55,851
4000 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	239,009	\$	-	\$	1,087,267

Caree	44 er and nical - Grant	Tra	255 SSA II, A aining and ecruiting	Eng	263 itle III, A glish Lang. equisition	E	266 SER-School mergency elief Grant		288 ESSA Title IV Part A	P	289 RES Act rovider lief Fund		385 Visually Impaired SSVI	P	397 dvanced lacement acentives
\$	-	\$	(17,467) 17,467	\$	(44,881) 44,881	\$	(54,062) 54,062	\$	(9,250) 9,250	\$:	\$:	\$	-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
	-		-		-		-	_			-	_	-	=	-
	-						-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	_		_	-		<u>-</u>		-
\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes		410 Instructional Materials Allotment		427 Special Ed Fiscal Support		429 School Safety & Security Grant		461 Campus Activity Funds	
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(133,747)	\$	103,804	\$	-	\$	1,696,316
1240	Due from Other Governments		133,747		-		232,165		-
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$		\$	103,804	\$	232,165	\$	1,696,316
L	IABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	~	\$	38,723
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		-		-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds				-		232,165		-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-		-		-		-
2300	Uneamed Revenue		-		103,804		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		-		103,804		232,165		38,723
F	UND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		~		-
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		1,657,593
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3510	Construction		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-						1,657,593
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	103,804	\$	232,165	\$	1,696,316

	Total		670		680	6	586		Total		
]	Nonmajor				Land	В	ond	ì	Vonmajor		
	Special		Capital	Acquisition		Cons	truction	Governmental			
Re	venue Funds		Projects	В	ond Fund	20	19A	Funds			
\$	2,447,915	\$	72,213	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,520,128		
	779,327		1,099,176		_		-	•	1,878,503		
	131,319		-		-		-		131,319		
\$	3,358,561	\$	1,171,389	\$	•	\$		\$	4,529,950		
\$	634,928	\$		\$	_	s	_	\$	634,928		
	215,547		-		-		-		215,547		
	232,165		-		-		-		232,165		
	23,462		-		-		-		23,462		
	539,015		-		-		•		539,015		
_	1,645,117	_	-		-		-		1,645,117		
	55,851		-				_		55,851		
	1,657,593		-		-		-2		1,657,593		
			1,171,389		-				1,171,389		
_	1,713,444		1,171,389		-		-		2,884,833		
\$	3,358,561	\$	1,171,389	\$		\$		\$	4,529,950		

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Im	211 SSA I, A aproving c Program	224 IDEA Part B Formula	225 IDEA Part B Preschool	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues	\$	- \$ 37,551 37,551	- \$ - 1,647,140 1,647,140	- \$ 8,420 8,420	3,884,125 10,369 527,682 4,422,176
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay: 0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		37,551 - - - -	1,647,140 - - - -	8,420 - - -	5,134,625 -
6030 Total Expenditures		37,551	1,647,140	8,420	5,134,625
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In 8911 Transfers Out (Use)		:	-	-	(712,449) - -
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	<u> </u>	(712,449)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	-	-	-	768,300
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	55,851

1	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	255 ESSA II, A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang Acquisition	266 ESSER-School Emergency Relief Grant	288 ESSA Title IV Part A	289 CARES Act Provider Relief Fund	385 Visually Impaired SSVI	397 Advanced Placement Incentives
\$	- \$ - 22,630	- - 21,064	\$ - - 60,916	\$ - \$ - 54,062	9,250	14,660	- \$ 3,675	9,489
	22,630	21,064	60,916	54,062	9,250	14,660	3,675	9,489
	22,630	21,064	60,916	54,062	9,250	14,660	3,675	9,489
		-			-		:	•
	22,630	21,064	60,916	54,062	9,250	14,660	3,675	9,489
_	-	-	-		-	-	-	
		:						-
	-	-		•	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
_	•	-	<u>-</u>	-	•		•	•
\$	- \$		\$ -	s - s	- 5	- \$	- \$	-

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues		410 nstructional Materials Allotment	427 Special Ed Fiscal Support	429 School Safety & Security Grant	461 Campus Activity Funds
		- \$ 1,906,132 -	21,196	\$ - \$ 232,165	2,472,198
5020 Total Revenues		1,906,132	21,196	232,165	2,472,198
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
0011 Instruction 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		1,906,132	21,196	•	-
0035 Food Services				-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-	1,936,067
Capital Outlay: 0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		•	•	232,165	-
6030 Total Expenditures		1,906,132	21,196	232,165	1,936,067
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	•	•	-	536,131
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In 8911 Transfers Out (Use)			-		
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	536,131
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	-	-	1,121,462
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	- \$	- :	\$ - \$	1,657,593

	Total	670	680	686	Total
	Nonmajor	major Local		Bond	Nonmajor
	Special	Capital	Acquisition	Construction	Governmental
Re	evenue Funds	Projects	Bond Fund	2019A	Funds
\$	6,356,323 \$	26,713 \$	37,937 \$		\$ 6,420,973
	2,183,026	-	-	-	2,183,026
_	2,403,375	•	•		2,403,375
_	10,942,724	26,713	37,937	-	11,007,374
	3,806,696		-		3,806,696
	9,489	-	-	-	9,489
	5,134,625	•	-	-	5,134,625
	1,936,067		-	-	1,936,067
	232,165	392,322	3,697,131	-	4,321,618
	11,119,042	392,322	3,697,131	-	15,208,495
_	(176,318)	(365,609)	(3,659,194)	•	(4,201,121)
	-	50,000	-		50,000
	-	•	-	(2,205,227	(2,205,227)
	-	50,000	-	(2,205,227	(2,155,227)
	(176,318)	(315,609)	(3,659,194)	(2,205,227	(6,356,348)
_	1,889,762	1,486,998	3,659,194	2,205,227	9,241,181
\$	1,713,444 \$	1,171,389 \$	- \$		\$ 2,884,833

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REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised			
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax F	Value for School				
August 31	M aintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2011 and prior years	\$ 1.130000	\$ 0.500000	\$ 1,764,422,282			
2012	1.170000	0.500000	1,899,775,096			
2013	1.170000	0.500000	2,086,279,588			
2014	1.170000	0.500000	2,448,157,409			
2015	1.170000	0.500000	3,024,461,700			
016	1.170000	0.500000	3,847,037,610			
0017	1.170000	0.500000	4,912,503,782			
2018	1.170000	0.500000	6,483,353,632			
2019	1.170000	0.500000	8,198,742,196			
2020 (School year under audit)	1.068350	0.500000	9,694,457,179			
1000 TOTALS						

	(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2019	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2020
\$	66,651 \$		\$ 138	\$ 61	\$ (14,420)	\$ 52,032
	26,332	-	2,483	1,061		22,788
	17,837	-	7,939	3,393		6,505
	99,299	•	173,347	74,080	152,357	4,229
	147,905	-	365,843	156,343	390,649	16,368
	123,707	-	413,115	176,545	465,953	
	265,169	· •	603,681	257,984	636,330	39,834
	294,575		522,148	223,140	450,713	-
	619,332	-	656,104	280,386	377,696	60,538
,		152,043,019	103,142,619	48,271,923		628,477
\$	1,660,807 \$	152,043,019	\$ 105,887,417	\$ 49,444,916	\$ 2,459,278	\$ 830,771

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		ariance With Final Budget Positive or
Codes	Original Fina		Final			(Negative)		
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	5,122,610 9,800 540,000	\$	5,122,610 9,800 540,000	\$	3,884,125 10,369 527,682	\$	(1,238,485) 569 (12,318)
EXPENDITURES: Current:		5,672,410		5,672,410	_	4,422,176	_	(1,250,234)
0035 Food Services		5,562,100		5,562,100		5,134,625		427,475
Total Expenditures		5,562,100		5,562,100		5,134,625		427,475
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		110,310		110,310		(712,449)		(822,759)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		768,300		768,300	_	768,300	_	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	878,610	\$	878,610	\$	55,851	\$	(822,759)

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		Budgeted	ounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or			
Codes		Original		Final				(Negative)	
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	49,232,000	\$	49,232,000 226,420	\$	50,100,940 247,001	\$	868,940 20,581	
5020 Total Revenues		49,232,000		49,458,420		50,347,941		889,521	
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:									
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt		10,875,652		10,875,652		10,875,552		100	
10072 Interest on Long-Term Debt		38,356,348		39,495,873		39,495,872		1	
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-		1,066,831		1,066,831		-	
6030 Total Expenditures		49,232,000		51,438,356		51,438,255		101	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	-	_	(1,979,936)	_	(1,090,314)		889,622	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7911 Capital Related Debt Issued 7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		103,497 1,724,264		166,257 1,733,671		62,760 9,407	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		1,827,761		1,899,928		72,167	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(152,175)		809,614		961,789	
100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		14,108,653		14,108,653		14,108,653	_	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	14,108,653	\$	13,956,478	\$	14,918,267	\$	961,789	

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Prosper Independent School District 606 East 7th Street Prosper, Texas 75078

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prosper Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Prosper Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Prosper Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mougan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

December 4, 2020

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Prosper Independent School District 605 East 7th Street Prosper, Texas 75078

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Prosper Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Prosper Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. Prosper Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Prosper Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Prosper Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Prosper Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Prosper Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Prosper Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Prosper Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing

an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of Prosper Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2020, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

December 4, 2020

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Summary of Auditor's Results:

The type of report we issued on whether the financial statements of Prosper Independent School District were prepared in accordance with GAAP as an unmodified opinion.

With respect to internal control over financial reporting, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

We noted no noncompliance material to the financial statements,

With respect to internal control over major federal programs, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

The type of report we issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.

We disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

We identified the following major programs:

Special Education Cluster IDEA, Part B, Formula, CFDA # 84.027 IDEA, Part B, Preschool, CFDA # 84.173

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.

The auditee does qualify as a low risk auditee.

Financial Statements Findings:

There are no findings related to financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Generally Accepted Auditing Standards*.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

There are no findings or questioned costs related to federal awards which are required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no prior audit findings which required corrective action.

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no corrective actions necessary for the year ended August 31, 2020.

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through State Department of Education			0 05.551
ESSA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	20610101057950	\$ 37,551
*IDEA - Part B, Formula *IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027 84.027	20660001043912 21660001043912	1,408,131 239,009
Total CFDA Number 84.027			1,647,140
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	20661001043912	8,420
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,655,560
Carl D. Perkins Basic Formula Grant Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition ESSA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training ESSA, Title IV, Part A ESSER Grant	84.048 84.365A 84.367A 84.424A 84.425D	20420006043912 20681001057950 20694501057950 20680101057950 20521001057950	22,630 60,916 21,064 9,250 54,062
Total Passed Through State Department of Education	01.1202	20021001001700	1,861,033
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,861,033
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services	00.400	21/4	14.660
CARES Act Provider Relief Fund	93.498	N/A	14,660
Total Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services			14,660
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN S	ERVICES		14,660
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	20043912	39,455
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555	20043912 20043912	329,423 158,804
Total CFDA Number 10.555			488,227
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			527,682
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agricultur	e		527,682
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			527,682
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,403,375
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PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

- For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial
 Accountability System Resource Guide. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted
 to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance is generally
 accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund that is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred expenditures until earned.
- 3. The District participates in numerous Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, in any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2020, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.
- 4. The period performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, Part 3, Uniform Guidance Compliance Statement.
- 5. CFDA numbers for commodity assistance are the CFDA numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- 6. The District did not receive any indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year.
- 7. The General Fund had SHARS program revenue of \$789,871, IRS Treasury program revenue of \$235,727, and E-Rate program revenue of \$377,681 that are not considered federal financial assistance and are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.